

# **NS News Bulletin**

NSDAP/AO: PO Box 6414 Lincoln NE 68506 USA www.nsdapao.org

#1052 14.05.2023 (134)

## Encyclopedia - Michael Kühnen

## 80 - NATIONAL SOCIALISM

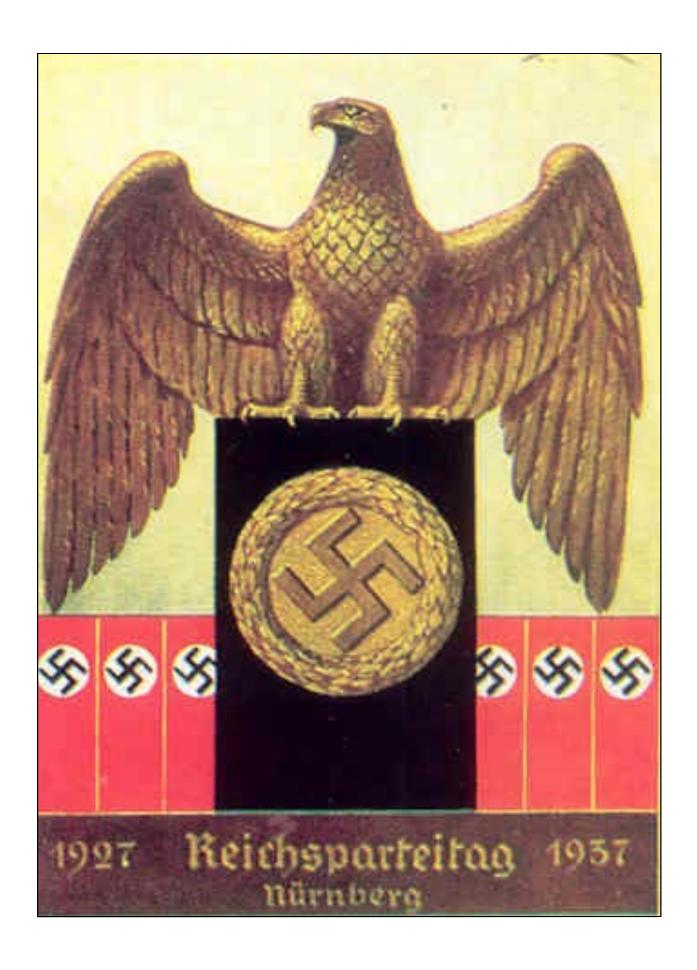
National Socialism is both a worldview and a way of life. As a worldview, it is based on the scientific epistemology of biological humanism, i.e., it starts from man in his biological uniqueness and strives without prejudice for the knowledge of reality with the help of a biological, species- and nature-based thinking. In doing so, it stands in inexorable opposition to all ideologies, which always distort and rape reality with the help of dogmatic beliefs and thus enable the decadence of human communities (see dogmatism).

As an attitude to life, National Socialism professes the ethics of value idealism, i.e. it recognizes life as worthwhile and meaningful only if it is understood as service to an ethically high-quality idea. In this way, it places itself in sharp contrast to any materialism that exclusively or primarily strives for the well-being and comfort of its own little ego.

In its two aspects, National Socialism places community at the center of all thought and feeling and finds its consummate expression in the motto of the party program of the National Socialist German Workers' Party:

#### PUBLIC BENEFIT BEFORE SELF-INTEREST

The most important community in man's life is his people. Therefore, National Socialism is a völkisch world and life view; its followers belong to the völkisch movement. As a goal, National Socialism strives for the New Order of a high culture of the Aryan race (see Aryan) in accordance with its species and nature, in which the alienation and the contradiction between nature and culture is abolished and eliminated. This goal can only be achieved by a revolution, a revaluation of all



values, which shapes and permeates everything.

National Socialism produces free and at the same time people-bound personalities who fully develop all their talents, abilities and inclinations and place them in the service of the national community. However, since people are biologically not the same but different (see differentiation), everyone also develops his own understanding of National Socialism according to his own nature and personality. It agrees only insofar as people correspond biologically as racial or national comrades, as men or women, and character-wise as types (see equality).

This agreement, however, is not sufficient to make the National Socialist revolution possible, which would be threatened by an all too different self-understanding of its followers, by the formation of sects and factions. For this reason, National Socialism does not restrict intellectual freedom even in a period of struggle before the revolution is completed, but it does subject its followers to a common political will that binds them all, and for this purpose it forms a party. In Germany, this is the NSDAP (see Will).

#### 81 - NATIONAL SOCIALISM OF THE NEW GENERATION

At present, three generations of National Socialists are active in Germany: the historical generation of founders and shapers, the HJ generation, and the grandchild generation. The latter is the bearer of the National Socialism of the new generation. The latter shares all principles with National Socialism and is its historical heir.

The National Socialist movement of the present is heir to the National Socialist German Workers' Party, which was formed by the historical generation, as well as to the Socialist Reich Party, which was essentially supported by the HJ generation. Faithful members of both generations belong to today's Nazi movement, which is the nucleus of the newly founded National Socialist Party. For these reasons, the National Socialism of the new generation is not a new National Socialism, but National Socialism in a new generation that consciously places itself in the historical tradition.

Between the SRP ban of 1953/64 JdF and the first organizational efforts of National Socialism of the new generation 1968/79 JdF lies the long night of National Socialism, during which there was no organized Nazi movement in Germany. During these years, and as a result of the changed historical situation and the successful change of generations, the National Socialist idea continued to develop, and there were clear shifts in emphasis from the past:

In domestic politics, reaction has become the main enemy today; in foreign

politics, the imperialism of the liberal-capitalist West (see Liberal Capitalism). The Reich is no longer understood as a German nation-state (see State), but as a large-scale European order (see Europe and Lebensraum). Instead of Eastern expansion, a nationalEastern policy and thus unification with the Soviet Union is to be pursued.

In terms of racial politics, the concern is for the white race as a whole (see Aryan) and no longer for the Nordic family of peoples alone (see Germanic). The veneration of a single, brilliant leader is replaced by recognition of the leading role of the National Socialist party (see also Führerprinzip and Senate). All in all, National Socialism of the new generation is the revolutionary socialist idea and movement that overcomes the age of the bourgeoisie in all its aspects and establishes the age of the working class.

The National Socialist movement of the new generation in Germany is divided organizationally, under the conditions of the Nazi ban, into the legal arm (the Gesinnungsgemeinschaft of the New Front) and the NSDAP/AO in the underground. The National Socialism of the new generation is defined by the general line of the New Front.

#### 82 - NATIONAL SOCIALIST GERMAN LABOR PARTY

Within the German nation, the National Socialist German Workers' Party fulfills that task which National Socialism assigns to the party: The party is the organized will to life (Willenssträger) of a people and the political vanguard organization of the nation (see also Wille). It comprises those National Socialist workers who are prepared to submit and subordinate themselves in a disciplined manner in order to be able to win (see also Workers' Party).

### Only the best National Socialists can and must be party comrades!

The party organizes itself according to the Führer principle, the principle of authority and responsibility, fights for the revolution and shapes the National Socialist People's State (seeState) on the basis of the party program and by establishing and enforcing the party line - (in Germany, the general line of the Gesinnungsgemeinschaft of the New Front applies as a substitute until the reestablishment of the NSDAP). The party dissolves as soon as the party program is fulfilled and thus the New Order is fought for and secured.

Without the party, the power-political victory of National Socialism and the building of the New Order is an impossibility. That is why the most important task for every National Socialist is the founding and promotion of the National Socialist party, where none exists, and the struggle against its prohibition and for its re-founding, where it is prohibited. In Germany, this task has been undertaken by the New Front (supported in the underground by the NSDAP/AO. The historical importance and continuing, struggle-decisive task of the party in National Socialism became clear for the first time through the foundation and history of the NSDAP in Germany and thus became the model for all National Socialists and everywhere in the living space of the Aryan race (see Aryan).

Direct roots and precursors of the NSDAP go back to the beginning of the 20th century even before the First World War, but at that time they were only a part of the fragmented völkisch movement. Only with the promulgation of the party program of the NSDAP on February 24, 1920/30 JdF can one assume, in the National Socialist understanding of the word, the existence of the National Socialist party in Germany - the first National Socialist party ever. February 24 is therefore also celebrated as the party's founding day.

This first NSDAP quickly developed, in accordance with its purpose, into the will of the German people and, under its leader Adolf Hitler, triggered an armed national uprising on November 9, 1923/34 JdF to overthrow the system. This failed, leading to the banning of the party, the imprisonment of its leader in a fortress - (during which time he wrote his landmark work Mein Kampf) - and the persecution of its supporters. The failed uprising led to the consequence of the idea of a legal revolution and to skepticism about armed revolutionary struggle, which is meaningful and promising only under very specific circumstances (see Werewolf).

In February 1925/35 JdF the NSDAP was newly founded by Adolf Hitler after his release. This second NSDAP drew the aforementioned lessons from November 9 and developed the idea of legal revolution. If the dead of November 9 were the first blood witnesses of the NSDAP during the suppression of the national uprising by the reaction, in the struggle period until the seizure of power on January 30, 1933/43 JdF another almost 400 victims followed, among them Pg. Horst Wessel, whose fight song "Die Fahne hoch" became the party anthem.

After the unconditional surrender of the German Wehrmacht on May 8, 1945/56 JdF, the NSDAP was banned, persecuted and eventually crushed by the victorious powers throughout the Reich. Between 1949 and 1952 and 1960 to 1963, Germany's National Socialists made efforts to re-establish the National Socialist Party with the Socialist Reich Party (SRP), which failed after initial successes, due to the SRP ban. After that, the long night of National Socialism set in, until a new generation since 1968/79 JdF took up the fight again. From this National Socialism of the new generation emerged on May 8, 1977/80 JdF today's New Front, which sees itself as the legitimate heir of the old and the nucleus of the new

NSDAP (see also Tradition).

The NSDAP is newly founded when the National Socialists, determined to found a new party, represent a serious political alternative as a consolidated organization, have been able to push through their general line in the völkisch movement and win the support of all well-meaning National Socialists. Under what name the new foundation of the NSDAP takes place is secondary to this. It can therefore precede the formal lifting of the NS ban.

The re-establishment of the National Socialist German Workers' Party must not take place prematurely, in order to avoid a caricature of the party of the Führer, which would be detrimental to the reputation of the National Socialist movement. The order to re-establish the party shall be given by the leadership of the New Front as soon as it deems the time ripe.

## Fun Under the Swastika

National Socialist activism has its lighter moments, too! Here is an excerpt from Gerhard Lauck's booklet "Fun Under the Swastika".

45.

My French comrade was an interesting fellow. He had served with the French Waffen-SS in the Battle of Berlin, fought Moor terrorists in Algeria in the French army, participated in the anti-DeGaulle officer revolt, and was now living in exile in Munich.

When I knocked on his door, he opened it, greeted me, threw his arms around me, and kissed me on both cheeks. I smiled and said, "It is a good thing I know you're French, otherwise I'd slug you for that!"

Later that night a Swiss comrade arrived and the three of us went to a bar owned by an Italian fascist. Only one other patron, a young German, was in the place. Of course, we were talking about politics. I almost felt sorry for the sole non-National Socialist patron; he probably thought that he had stumbled onto some evil Nazi conspiracy! Overhearing us, he politely entered into our conversation.

Although he had been brainwashed like most people, he seemed like a decent enough fellow. The Swiss man and I reasoned with him and, at the very least, got him to accept us as reasonable men, too, who could logically defend our beliefs, as opposed to the bloodthirsty, homicidal maniacs portrayed on television.

Leastwise we almost succeeded. For every time we had him half-convinced, our by then slightly drunk French comrade would slam his fist onto the bar and shout, "They must be killed! All of them! All the Jews must be killed!"

Naturally, this rather shocked the poor fellow. So the Swiss man and I had to start all over again. But our French comrade simply repeated his performance.

The next day we got our revenge. We jokingly told our French comrade that, although France was okay, we would one day have to level Paris, pave it over with concrete, and make it into a parking lot on the outskirts of Greater Berlin.







# The NSDAP/AO is the world's largest National Socialist propaganda supplier!

Printed and online periodicals in many languages Hundreds of books in many languages Hundreds of web-sites in many languages



www.third-reich-books.com



# NSDAP/AO nsdapao.info